

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ CLASS: \_\_\_\_\_

## Geometry Lab 3

## Finding Distance with Coordinates

1. Plot the following points on your graph paper: A(-3,-2), B(3,6)
2. Draw line segment AB.
3. Treating AB as the hypotenuse, construct a right triangle.
4. Call the third point of the right triangle point C.
5. Find the coordinates of C. C (\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_)
6. Use the coordinates of A, B, and C to find the length of the legs of the right triangle AC and BC.
7. Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find the length of AB.
8. Let's call Point A's coordinates  $(x_1, y_1)$  point B's coordinates  $(x_2, y_2)$ . Try to come up with a formula using  $(x_1, y_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2)$  instead of the actual values, that will help you calculate the distance between point A & B.

d= \_\_\_\_\_

9. Use this formula to calculate the distance between the following two points (leaving your answer in *simplest radical form*):  $P_1(-3,5), P_2(7, -2)$ . d= \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Plot points 1 and 2 on a coordinates plane, draw a triangle and use the Pythagorean theorem to find the hypotenuse.
11. What can you conclude about the Pythagorean Theorem and the distance formula?

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